### **UNAUDITED**

### **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### FOR THE SECOND QUARTER ENDED

**DECEMBER 31, 2008** 

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

For the 2nd quarter ended December 31, 2008

#### Introduction

The Management Discussion and Analysis gives an overview of the Company's financial condition and results of operations for the second quarter ended December 31, 2008. The report includes forward-looking statements about objectives, strategies and expected financial results. These statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties beyond the Bank's control including, but not limited to, economic and financial conditions globally, technological development, competition, and regulatory developments in St. Kitts and Nevis and elsewhere. These and other factors may cause the Bank's actual performance to differ materially from that contemplated by forward-looking statements. The reader is therefore cautioned not to place undue reliance on these statements.

#### **Income Statement**

#### **Net Interest Income**

At December 31, 2008, net interest income fell by \$7.4 million or 29.5% when compared with the results attained for the same period in 2007. A reduction in interest income on advances negatively impacted net interest income for the period.

#### **Non-Interest Income**

Non-interest income fell by 34.5% at December 31, 2008 when compared with December 31, 2007. The year-over-year decrease in non-interest income was due to a fall in income from E-business transactions, foreign exchange and marketable securities. Management anticipates an improvement in non-interest income during the next quarter and beyond due to continued prudent measures.

#### **Non-Interest Expenses**

Non-interest expenses were \$12.5 million at December 31, 2008. This compares with \$11.1 million at December 31, 2007 and represents an increase of 12.6%. The increase in non-interest expenses resulted from increased foreign charges, legal expenses, staff costs and commissions on debit cards.

The company anticipates lower operating expenses over the next quarter through continued emphasis on cost containment, effective risk management and operational efficiencies. Cost savings will also be attained through continued improvements in the technology infrastructure.

#### **Net Income**

The net result of the Bank's operations, over the review period, was a fall in net income. At December 31, 2008 net income was \$16.8 million, or 42.9% lower than the prior year's earnings of \$29.4 million.

The Company believes that net income will show an improvement over the next quarter and beyond, through continued focus on exploring new avenues to diversify and enhance our non-interest income base.

#### **Balance Sheet**

#### **Assets**

As at December 31, 2008 total assets fell by 5.4% when compared with total assets at June 30, 2008. The decrease in total assets was due mainly to a fall in deposits held with foreign banks and non-bank financial institutions. Demand deposits with foreign banks and non-bank financial institutions accounted for 2.5% and 0.3% of the asset portfolio respectively as at December 31, 2008 compared with 5.7% and 3.8% at June 30, 2008.

#### **Deposits**

At the end of the second quarter ended December 31, 2008 customer deposits decreased by 3.3% over that recorded at the end of fiscal year 2008. The decrease in deposits during the review period was due mainly to a fall in USD current accounts, correspondent and non-correspondent demand deposits.

#### **Loans and Advances**

At December 31, 2008 loans and advances increased by \$58.8 million representing a 6.2% rise from \$947.4 million recorded at June 30, 2008. The increase in loans and advances resulted mainly from the increased utilization of our overdraft facility by the public and private sectors.

#### Shareholders' Equity

The company continues to realize its goal of providing a satisfactory return to shareholders and increasing the value of investment. Shareholders' Equity was \$448.2 million at December 31, 2008 compared with \$429.7 million at June 30, 2008. This represents a 4.3% increase, resulting from the net operating income for the period and appreciation in the market value of securities.

### **Corporate Governance**

The Board of Directors continues to search for innovative ways to improve corporate governance, risk management, ethical conduct, best practices and maintenance of international standards. In this regard the Board is focused on:

- Adoption and implementation of corporate governance guidelines and codes of ethics and business conduct.
- Continued emphasis on the Corporate Strategic Plan, which includes management's philosophy, economic outlook and conditions, performance targets and plans for implementation of strategies over the next 5 years.

Additionally, the Board will continue to take vital steps towards culturing a strong corporate governance environment, improving transparency and fostering high levels of integrity, thereby strengthening shareholder confidence in the Company.

#### **Risk Management**

The management of risks has emerged as one of the greatest challenges that banks now face. This challenge must be tackled by developing new approaches and by adjusting current processes.

The Bank has taken up this challenge and has placed increased emphasis on the management of risks through the systematic development of tools and strategies to mitigate these risks. Risks are continuously being evaluated in terms of the level of impact they can have on income and asset values.

While the bank places strong emphasis on the management of risks, it does so with the objective of balancing risk taking with expected returns to our shareholders.

#### Outlook

Over the next quarter, the Company will continue to focus on cost containment, risk management and operational efficiency. We will continue to build on our existing infrastructure and technology to enhance our products and services and focus on initiatives to augment our interest income and non-interest income base.

These measures should boost total revenue. At the end of the third quarter ending March 31, 2009, we anticipate an increase in income (before tax), shareholders equity, deposits and assets when compared to the end of the same period in 2008.

#### 1. Incorporation

The St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla National Bank Limited was incorporated on the 15<sup>th</sup> day of February 1971 under the Companies Act chapter 335, but was re-registered under the new Companies Act No. 22 of 1996 on the 14<sup>th</sup> day of April 1999.

#### 2. Principal Activity

St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla National Bank Limited provides a comprehensive and international range of banking, financial and related services.

#### 3. Significant Accounting Policies

These accounting policies are summarized below: -

#### (i) Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. These financial Statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the measurement at fair value of available-for-sale investments, and financial assets at fair value through profit and loss.

#### Amendments to published standards effective in 2006

IAS 19 (Amendment), Employee Benefits, is mandatory for the Bank's accounting period beginning on or after July 1, 2006. It introduces the option of an alternative recognition approach for actuarial gains and losses. It may impose additional recognition requirements for multi-employer plans where insufficient information is available to apply defined benefit accounting. It also adds new disclosure requirements. As the Bank does not intend to change the accounting policy adopted for recognition of actuarial gains or losses, adoption of this amendment only impacts the format and extent of disclosures presented in the accounts.

### Standard issued but not yet adopted

*IFRS 7, Financial Instruments, Disclosures (effective from January 1, 2007):* 

IFRS 7 introduces new disclosures to improve the information about financial instruments. It requires the disclosure of qualitative and quantitative information about exposure to risks arising from financial instruments, including specified minimum disclosures about credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk, including sensitivity analysis to market risk.

#### 3. Significant Accounting Policies continued

#### (i) Basis of preparation continued

#### Standard issued but not yet adopted

IFRS 7 replaces IAS 30, Disclosures in the Financial Statements of Banks and Similar Financial Institutions, and disclosures requirements in IAS 32, Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation.

#### Standards, amendments and interpretations effective in 2006 but not relevant

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2006 but are not relevant or have no material impact to the Bank's operations:

- IAS 21 (Amendment), Net Investment in Foreign Operations;
- IAS 39 (Amendment), Cash Flow Hedge Accounting Forecast Intragroup Transactions;
- IAS 39 (Amendment), The Fair Value Option;
- IAS 39 and IFRS 4 (Amendment), Financial Guarantee Contracts;
- IFRS 1 (Amendment), First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards, and
- IFRS 6 (Amendment), Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources;
- IFRIC 4, Determining whether an Arrangement Contains a Lease;
- IFRIC 5, Rights to Interests arising from Decommissioning, Restoration and Environmental Rehabilitation Funds; and
- IFRIC 6, Liabilities arising from Participating in Specific Market Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment.

Interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Company (effective for annual periods beginning on or after November 1, 2006)

IFRIC 10, Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment, is mandatory for the Bank's accounting period beginning on or after July 1, 2006 or later periods but that the Bank has not early adopted. IFRIC 10 prohibits the impairment losses recognized in an interim period on goodwill, investment in equity instruments and investments in financial assets carried at costs to be reversed at a subsequent balance sheet date. This standard is not expected to have any impact on the Bank's accounts.

#### 3. Significant Accounting Policies continued

#### (i) Basis of preparation continued

Interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and not relevant to the Company's operations:

IFRIC 7, Applying the Restatement Approach under IAS 29, Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies (Effective from March 1, 2006): IFRIC 7 provides guidance on how to apply the requirements of IAS 29 in a reporting period in which an entity identifies the existence of hyperinflation in the economy of its functional currency, when the economy was not hyperinflationary in the prior period.

#### (ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and Cash Equivalents, as mentioned in the statement of cash flows, comprise of cash on hand, balances with other financial institutions and the Eastern Caribbean Central Bank, short term receivables, as well as investment funds whose maturities are ninety days or less.

#### (iii) Depreciation

Freehold buildings are depreciated on a straight-line basis at a rate of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  per cent per annum. Equipment, furniture, fittings and vehicles are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their useful lives at rates ranging from 10 per cent to 33 1/3 per cent.

#### (iv) Currency

All values are expressed in Eastern Caribbean Currency.

#### (v) Foreign Currency

Foreign currency transactions are accounted for at the mid-rate of exchange prevailing at the date of the transaction. Financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year-end are converted to Eastern Caribbean currency at the mid-rate of exchange ruling on that day. Gains and losses resulting from such transactions and from the translation of financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in income.

#### 3. Significant Accounting Policies continued

#### (vi) Investments

Investment securities are classified into the following four categories: financial assets at fair value through profit and loss, available-for-sale, held-to-maturity, and originated debts. Investment securities intended to be held for an indefinite time period, which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in interest rate or equity prices and are not classified as financial assets at fair value through profit and loss are therefore classified as available-for-sale. Investment securities with fixed maturity where management has both the intent and the ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity.

Investment securities are initially recognized at cost - which includes all transaction costs. Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss and Available-for-sale financial assets are subsequently re-measured to fair value based on quoted bid prices. As fair values for unquoted securities are not readily available, both equity and debt securities are measured at cost less any provision for impairment.

Unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of securities are recognized in income if such securities are "Financial Assets At Fair Value Through Profit and Loss" or equity if they are Available-for-Sale. When securities are disposed of, the resulting gain or loss is included in income.

A financial asset is impaired if its carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of a financial instrument measured at fair value is the present value of future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of interest for a similar financial asset. When securities become impaired the related impairment loss is charged to income as a loss.

Held-to-maturity and originated debt investments are carried at amortised cost using the effective yield method, less any provision for impairment.

An impairment loss on financial assets carried at amortised cost is the difference in the asset's carrying amount and the present value of future cash flows discounted at the financial instrument's original effective interest rate.

Interest earned on all investment securities is reported in interest income.

Dividend on equity securities, when received, is reported separately in dividend income. All purchases and sales of investment securities are recognized at trade date – the date on which the Bank commits to purchase or sell financial assets.

#### 3. Significant Accounting Policies continued

#### (vii) Loans and Advances

Loans originated by the Bank are financial assets created by providing money directly to a borrower and as such are carried at cost.

The accrual of interest ceases when the principal or interest is past due 90 days or when, in the opinion of management, full collection is unlikely. The allowance for loan impairment is based on continuous appraisal of all loans and advances together with an annual review of loan collateral. Specific provisions for losses are made against loans and advances when, in the opinion of management, credit risk or economic factors make recovery doubtful.

The allowance for loan impairment also covers general provisions for losses as required by the regulators, as there is always the possibility of losses within a loan portfolio that have not been specifically identified as non-performing at the balance sheet date.

The provision for loan impairment and recoveries of bad debts previously written off is charged to income. When a loan is uncollectable, it is written off against the related allowance for impairment. All subsequent recoveries are credited to the bad debt recovered income account.

#### (viii) Taxation

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying values for financial reporting purposes. Currently enacted tax rates are used to determine deferred income tax.

#### (ix) Income

Interest income is recognized on the accrual basis for productive loans and advances, Investment Securities, and Interest bearing deposits with other financial institutions. Non-Productive loans and advances relate to accounts whose repayments of principal or interest are 90 days or more in arrears. Interest on these accounts is taken to income when received. Other income, such as fees and commission, is recognized on the accrual basis.

#### (x) Comparative Figures

Certain changes in presentation have been made during the year and comparative figures have been restated accordingly.

#### 3. Significant Accounting Policies continued

#### (xi) Reserve Requirement

In accordance with Article 33 of the Eastern Caribbean Central Bank (Central Bank) Agreement 1983, The St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla National Bank Limited is required to maintain reserves against deposits through cash holdings and or by deposits held with the Central Bank.

#### (xii) Employee benefits

Pension obligations

St Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla National Bank Limited operates a defined benefit pension plan, the assets of which are generally held in separate administered funds. The pension plan is funded by the Bank, taking account of the recommendations of independent qualified actuaries.

As at December 31, 2008 the administrators were unable to provide information on the Bank's proportionate share of the defined benefit obligation and plan assets in accordance with IAS 19.

#### **Gratuity**

The Bank provides a non-contributory gratuity plan to its employees after 15 years of employment. The amount of the gratuities paid to eligible employees at retirement is computed with reference to final salary and calibrated percentage rates based on the number of years of continuous service.

#### (xiii) Leases

The leases entered into by the Bank are primarily operating leases. The total payments made under operating leases are charged to the consolidated statement of income.

4.	Cash and Money at call	Dec 2008 \$	June <u>2008</u> \$
	Cash in Hand	18,870,685	10,383,304
	Deposits with other financial institutions	60,152,028	212,514,648
	Items in the course of collection	5,499,884	2,110,165
	Deposit balance with ECCB*	69,109,928	80,955,958
	Term Deposits	88,216,867	41,868,531
		241,849,392	347,832,606
	Special Term Deposits	210,171,356	240,436,181
		452,020,748	588,268,787
	*Eastern Caribbean Central Bank	=======	=======
	Term deposits pledged for the benefit of Visa International and Mastercard in support of the Bank's international card business	71,073,018	70,747,189
5.	Loans and Advances		
	Performing loans and advances	969,932,964	908,232,134
	Non-performing loans and advances	45,858,022	
	Gross	1,015,790,986	956,887,294
	Add: Interest receivable	621,072	718,446
	Less provision for doubtful debts	(10,234,464)	(10,234,464)
	Net	1,006,177,594	947,371,276

Legal proceedings are ongoing with regard to a number of non-performing loans, and in some instances judgment has been obtained.

### 5.1 <u>Liquidity analysis of gross loans and advances</u> based on contractual maturities:

	Gross	1,015,790,986	956,887,294
Over five years		623,597,021	616,893,858
Three to five years		13,494,262	14,297,193
One to three years		41,475,687	43,681,589
Within one year		337,224,016	282,014,654

Loans	s and Advances continued	<b>Dec</b> <u>2008</u> \$	June <u>2008</u> \$	
5.2	Sectoral Analysis			
	Consumers Agriculture, fisheries & manufacturing Construction & land development Distributive trades, transportation & storage Tourism, entertainment & catering Financial Institutions State, statutory bodies & public utilities	121,866,711 8,095,327 127,878,775 10,040,785 28,905,639 23,837,151 677,567,262	115,460,010 8,637,918 120,450,379 10,836,269 29,333,375 23,181,337 636,045,842	
	Professional & other services	17,599,336 	12,942,164 <b>956,887,294</b>	
5.2	Provision for Doubtful Debts	========	=======	
	Balance brought forward Charge-offs and Write-offs Provision for impairment losses Recoveries during the year	10,234,464 - - -	10,577,395 (3,513,051) 3,228,136 (58,016)	
		10,234,464	10,234,464	
6.	Investments			
	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit an	d Loss		
	US Currency Investments	254,083,126	223,991,014	
	Available-for-sale – quoted			
	East Caribbean Financial Holding Company Ltd 230,000 shares at \$15.00 each	3,450,000	3,450,000	
	MasterCard Inc. 30,223 Class B Common Shares @ US\$265.52	21,687,854	21,687,854	
	Visa Inc 541,086 Common Shares @ US\$81.31	118,902,845	118,902,845	
		144,040,699	144,040,699	

Investments (continued)	Dec 2008 \$	June 2008 \$
Available-for-sale – unquoted	Ψ	Ψ
Government of St. Kitts and Nevis T/Bills maturing Aug. 19, 2008 at 6.5%	90,715,601	80,767,351
Government of Antigua and Barbuda T/Bills maturing July 8, 2008 at 5.2%	-	27,071,972
Government of St. Lucia T/Bills maturing Aug. 31, 2008 at 4.499%	-	19,775,666
Government of St Vincent and the Grenadines maturing July 24, 2008 at 4.49%	-	6,737,773
Bank of St Lucia Fixed Rate Note with an effective rate of 6.72%	-	2,702,600
Republic Bank (Grenada) Limited 62,100 ordinary shares at a cost of \$10 each	3,539,700	776,250
Wireless Ventures (St. Kitts-Nevis) Ltd 969 shares at a cost of US\$100 each	2,618,679	2,618,679
Caribbean Credit Card Corporation 550 shares at a cost of \$1,000 each	550,000	550,000
Cable Bay Hotel development Company Ltd 5,794 shares at a cost of US\$100 each	1,629,676	1,629,676
Eastern Caribbean Home Mortgage Bank 905 shares at cost of \$100 each	90,500	90,500
Eastern Caribbean Securities Exchange 10,000 Class "C" shares at a cost of \$10 each	100,000	100,000
	99,244,156	142,820,467

Investments (continued)	Dec 2008	June <u>2008</u>
<u>Available-for-sale – unquoted</u>	\$	\$
TCI Bank Limited		
500,000 share at a cost of US\$1.00 each	1,351,300	1,351,300
Society for Worldwide Inter Bank Financial Telecommunication 1 share at a cost of \$5,148	5,148	5,148
Antigua Barbuda Investment Bank 185,000 shares at a cost of \$3 each	999,000	999,000
ECIC Holdings Ltd. 632,200 Ordinary Shares at US\$1.00 each and 743,750 – 6% Preference Shares at US\$1.00 each	3,718,106	3,718,106
	6,073,554	6,073,554
Originated Debt		
Government of St. Kitts & Nevis Class A Bonds 2008-2020 with interest rate at 8.25%	75,000,000	75,000,000
Grenada Electricity Services Limited 10-year bond maturing December 19, 2017 with interest rate at 7%	9,720,000	10,260,000
Eastern Caribbean Home Mortgage Bank Long-term bond maturing July 1, 2010 with interest rate at 5.5%	1,000,000	1,000,000
Antigua Commercial Bank 10.5% interest rate Series A bond maturing December 31, 2018	1,496,913	1,496,913
Caribbean Credit Card Corporation unsecured loan with interest rate at 10% with no specific		
terms of repayment	300,000	300,000
	87,516,913	88,056,913

6.	Investments (continued)	Dec 2008 \$	June <u>2008</u> \$	
	Held-to-maturity Debentures – Government of St. Kitts-Nevis maturing July 15, 2008 with interest rate at 8%	- -	1,000,000	
	Balance as at end of period	<i>590,958,448</i> ======	605,982,647	
	Securities classified accordi	ng to currency		
	United States Currency Securities	405,488,499	223,991,014	
	Eastern Caribbean Currency Securities	185,469,949	381,991,633	
		590,958,448	605,982,647	
7.	Investment in Subsidiaries			
	National Bank Trust Company (St. Kitts-Nevis-Angu Limited - 5,750,000 shares at \$1 each	5,750,000	5,750,000	
	St. Kitts-Nevis Mortgage and Investment Company Limited 12,000,000 shares at \$1 each	12,000,000	12,000,000	
		17,750,000	17,750,000	
8.	Customers' Liability under A Guarantees and Letters of	cceptances		
	Letters of Credit	1,084,535	1,068,705	
	Guarantees (credit cards)	4,096,565	4,096,565	
		5,181,100	5,165,270	

### 9. Bank Premises and Equipment

Furniture							
COST	<u>Total</u>	<b>Property</b>	<b>Equipment</b>	And Fittings	Motor Vehicles	Reference Books	Projects Ongoing
At July 1, 2008	34,981,776	20,474,781	12,005,226	1,914,686	399,000	131,701	56,382
Additions	646,021	-	432,405	18,616	195,000	-	
Disposals	180,000	-	-	-	180,000	-	-
>>>	35,447,797	20,474,781	12,437,631	1,933,302	414,000	131,701	56,382
Accumulated Depreciation							
At July 1, 2008	12,335,797	993,962	9,612,774	1,311,439	293,997	123,625	-
Charge for Year	833,856	232,038	505,728	61,944	31,505	2,641	-
Eliminated on Disposal	110,999	-	-	-	110,999	-	-
>>>			10,118,502				
Net Book Value  A4 Dec 21 2009 22 200 142 10 249 701 2 210 120 550 010 100 407 5 425 56 202							
At Dec 31, 2008	22,389,143	19,248,781	2,319,129	559,919	199,497	5,435	56,382
At June 30, 2008	22,645,979	19,480,819	2,392,451	603,247	105,004	8,076	56,382

		Dec 2008 \$	June <u>2008</u> \$
10.	Other Accounts	·	·
	Interest Receivable	6,560,330	5,522,457
	Other Receivables	4,059,458	158,961
	Prepayments	9,122,449	35,784,210
	Stationery and Cards Stock	517,491	437,690
		20,259,728	41,903,318
11.	Taxation		
11.1	Tax Expense		
	Current tax	9,023,626	50,894,831
	Deferred tax	<del>-</del>	(55,562)
		9,023,626	50,839,269
		========	========
	Income for the year before tax	<u>25,781,791</u>	<u>161,800,928</u>
	Income tax at the applicable tax rate of 35%	9,023,626	56,630,325
	Non-deductible expenses	82,138	3,013,039
	Deferred tax over provided	-	9,271
	Income not subject to tax	(82,138)	(8,813,366)
		9,023,626	50,839,269
11.2	Deferred Tax		
	Tax Assets	(382,238)	(326,676)
	Recovered during the year, net	-	(55,562)
	Tax Liabilities	40,201,619	39,234,412
		39,819,381	38,852,174
		========	=======
	Accelerated depreciation	(382,238)	(382,238)
	Available for sale securities	40,201,619	39,234,412
		39,819,381	38,852,174
		========	=======

		Dec 2008 \$	June <u>2008</u> \$
12.	Customers' Deposits	1,302,220,408 =======	1,346,152,251 =======
	Analysis of l	Deposits by Sector	
	Consumers	337,288,591	331,402,191
	Private Businesses and Subsidiaries	303,372,249	320,672,807
	State, Statutory Bodies and		
	Non-Financial Institutions	583,554,928	565,037,350
	Others	78,004,640	129,039,903
		1,302,220,408	1,346,152,251
13.	Deferred Credit		
	Balance at June 30	11,473,856	11,473,856
		<del></del>	

St. Kitts-Nevis Mortgage and Investment Company Limited (MICO), a subsidiary of the Bank, acquired in December 2002 the remaining properties used by a customer as security for advances made to it by the Bank. As a result, interest accrued on those advances is deferred until MICO disposes of the said properties to outside buyers.

#### 14. Accumulated Provisions, Creditors and Accruals

Interest Payable	43,072,367	31,950,733
Income Tax Payable	38,619,917	40,271,435
Managers Cheques and Bankers Payments	1,728,078	1,650,774
Unpaid Drafts on other banks	1,433,711	1,488,962
Bonds Payable	93,540,229	93,540,229
E-Commerce Payables	38,026,283	88,158,830
Other Payables	5,184,810	49,331,347
	221,605,395	306,352,310

		<b>Dec</b> <u>2008</u> \$	June 2008 \$
15.	Share Capital	Ψ	Ψ
	Authorised: -		
	135,000,000 Ordinary Shares of \$1 each	135,000,000	135,000,000
	Issued and Fully Paid: -	=======	=======
	81,000,000 Ordinary Shares of \$1 each	81,000,000	81,000,000
16.	Reserves		
	Statutory Reserve	81,000,000	81,000,000
	Capital Reserve	130,000,000	130,000,000
	General Reserve	10,000,000	10,000,000
	Loan Loss Reserve	20,000,000	20,000,000
	Revaluation Reserve	82,381,207	80,584,965
		323,381,207	321,584,965
	Statutory Reserve	=======	=======
	Balance brought forward Addition	81,000,000	81,000,000
		81,000,000	81,000,000
		========	=======

In accordance with Section 14 (1) of Saint Christopher and Nevis Banking Act No. 6 of 1991, the St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla National Bank Limited is required to maintain a reserve fund into which it shall transfer not less than 20% of its net profit of each year whenever the reserve fund is less than the Bank paid-up capital.

### **Capital Reserve**

	130,000,000	130,000,000
Amount transferred in	-	130,000,000
Balance brought forward	130,000,000	-

	Dec 2008 \$	June <u>2008</u> \$
<b>General Reserve</b>	·	·
Balance brought forward Amount transferred in/(out)	10,000,000	50,000,000 (40,000,000)
	10,000,000	10,000,000
	=======	=======
Loan Loss Reserve		
Balance brought forward Amount transferred in	20,000,000	17,000,000 3,000,000
	20,000,000	20,000,000
	=======	=======
<b>Revaluation Reserve</b>		
Property Movement in market value of investment securities, Net	7,720,621 74,660,586	7,720,621 72,864,344
	82,381,207	80,584,965
	========	=======

During December 1996 a valuation on property was carried out on the Bank's land and buildings by Vincent Morton & Associates Limited - an independent valuer.

#### 17. Net Interest Income

### **Interest Income**

Loans and Advances	36,818,254	79,983,142
Deposits with other Banks	5,007,397	18,954,443
Investments	10,468,405	23,745,246
Other	15,771	27,826
	52,309,827	122,710,657

		Dec 2008 \$	June <u>2008</u> \$
	Interest Expense		
	Customers' Deposits Due to other Banks	29,303,315 5,266,250	58,557,025 8,590,495
		34,569,565	67,147,520
	Balance	17,740,262 =======	55,563,137 =======
18.	<b>Establishment Expenses</b>		
	Included in this expense head are: -		
	Directors' Fees Depreciation	147,000 833,856	273,000 1,852,713

#### 19. Earnings Per Share

Earning per share is calculated by dividing the net income attributable to shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	81,000,000	81,000,000
Diluted/Basic earnings per share (Annualized)	0.41	1.37
	========	========

#### 20. Dividend

The financial statements reflect a dividend of \$14,175,000 for the year ended June 30, 2007, which was approved at the Thirty-Seventh Annual General Meeting held on January 31, 2008 and subsequently paid.

Dividend for the year ended June 30, 2008 is not reflected in these financial statements. This dividend, if approved at the next Annual General Meeting, will be accounted for as an appropriation of retained earnings in the year ending June 30, 2009.

#### 21. Contingent Liabilities

#### 21.1 Litigations

#### Lynn Bass v. St Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla National Bank Limited

The Claimant's employment with the Bank was terminated in August 2006. She has since sued the Bank for reinstatement to her position, and damages. The Bank's external solicitors believe that there is a very good chance that the claims against the Bank will be dismissed.

#### 21.2 Financial Commitments

As at December 31, 2008, the Bank was committed to make loans and advances amounting to approximately \$26,507,921 (June 30, 2008 - \$20,833,386)

#### 22. Related Parties

Parties are considered related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making operational or financial decisions.

A number of banking transactions are entered into with our subsidiaries and directors in the normal course of business. Those transactions, which include deposits, loans and other transactions, are carried out on commercial terms and conditions, at market rates.

#### *Subsidiaries*

Advances outstanding as at December 31, 2008 amounted to \$21,638,480 (June 30, 2008 - \$21,065,834).

Deposits balances as at December 31, 2008 amounted to \$110,005,595 (June 30, 2008 - \$101,099,141).

#### Directors and Associates

Advances outstanding as at December 31, 2008 amounted to \$1,127,204 (June 30, 2008 - \$958,745).

Deposits balances as at December 31, 2008 amount to \$1,485,370 (June 30, 2008 - \$1,786,894).

#### 23. Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities not carried at fair value include cash and money at call, originated debts, investment securities held to maturity, investment in subsidiaries, due to other banks, customers' deposits and due to subsidiaries. The following methods and assumption are relevant to their fair value:

#### **Assets**

#### Cash and money at call

Since these assets are short-term in nature, the values are taken as indicative of realizable value.

#### Loans and advances

Loans and advances are net of provision for loan losses. These assets result from transactions conducted during the normal course of business and their values are not adversely affected by unusual terms. The inherent rates of interest in the portfolio approximate market conditions and yield discounted cash flow values that are substantially equal to the carrying value.

#### Investment securities held to maturity and Investment in subsidiaries

The fair value of these items is assumed to be equal to their carrying values.

#### Liabilities

#### Due to other banks, customers' deposits and due to subsidiaries

The fair value of financial liabilities with no stated maturity is assumed to be equal to their carrying values.

Deposits with fixed rate characteristics are at rates that are not significantly different from current rates and are assumed to have discounted cash flow values that approximate carrying values.

#### 24. Financial Risk Management

Financial risks have emerged as the greatest challenge that the Bank faces. This challenge is tackled by developing new approaches in the management of such risks and by adjusting current processes and procedures.

The Bank has taken up this challenge and has placed increased emphasis on the management of all financial risks through the systematic development of tools and strategies to improve their identification and measurement by an enterprise risk management system. Risks are continuously being evaluated in terms of the level of the negative impact they can have on the Bank's income and asset values.

While the Bank places strong emphasis on the management of risks, it does so with the objective of balancing risk taking with expected returns to our shareholders.

#### **Currency Risk**

The Bank is exposed to currency risk through its international card and other international business receipts and settlements. Various strategies to hedge the key risk have been devised, ensuring at all times that the actions taken are in keeping with the Bank overall objectives.

#### Currency Risk Exposure

Amounts (\$)	CAD	EUR	GBP	GUY
Dec. 2008	270,645	1,308,254	2,488,900	40,689
June 2008	768,483	2,879,285	4,254,695	11,060

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

The Bank is exposed to various risks associated with different rates of interest found in the normal course of its business. Interest rate risk mitigation focuses on potential changes in net interest income. These results from changes in interest rates and mismatches in the re-pricing of interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities as well as product spreads. These are monitored and, where necessary, action would be taken to minimize any adverse effect to shareholder value.

### Interest Rate Risk (continued)

### **Interest Rates (%)**

	EC\$	US\$	EURO
Dec. 2008			
Assets			
Treasury Bills	6.50	-	_
Deposits with other banks	5.00-5.25	0.02-6.50	-
Deposits with non-bank financial institutions	8.50-10.50	2.30-5.10	-
Originated Debt	5.50-10.00	10.50	
Investment securities:	-	1.75-13.25	-
Liabilities			
Due to customers	1.00-9.00	1.00-1.75	_
Line of credit and overdrafts	4.75-5.00	1.96-2.53	_
Bonds Payable	-	8.00	-
<u>June 2008</u>			
Assets			
Treasury Bills	4.49-6.50	-	-
Deposits with other banks	4.75-5.50	2.47-6.60	2.61-4.00
Deposits with non-bank financial institution	8.50-10.50	4.85-5.40	-
Originated Debt	5.50-10.00	-	-
Investment securities:	8.00	2.63-13.25	-
Liabilities			
Due to customers	1.50-9.00	1.25-2.00	-
Line of credit and overdrafts	4.75-5.00	2.95-5.92	-
Bonds Payable	-	8.00	-

### **Interest Sensitivity of Assets and Liabilities**

	Up to 1 Year	1 to 5 Years	Over 5 Years	Non- interest Bearing	Total
As at December 31, 2008					
Assets					
Cash and money at call Loans and advances Investments Other assets	298,949,843 314,131,175 154,627,975	54,416,107	617,314,054 127,742,649		1,006,177,594 590,958,448
Total assets	767,708,993	87,848,313	745,056,703	514,504,990	2,115,118,999
Liabilities					
Due to banks Customers' deposits Other liabilities	86,202,942 1,109,448,978 1,084,535	- 8,938,300 -		183,833,130 183,837,206	86,202,942 1,302,220,408 278,461,970
Total liabilities	1,196,736,455	8,938,300	93,540,229	367,670,336	1,666,885,320
Interest Sensitivity Gap	(429,027,462)	78,910,013	651,516,474		
As at June 30, 2008 Total assets Total liabilities	763,975,092 1,183,072,407	73,819,894 11,720,158	766,019,945 93,540,229		2,229,469,515 1,799,790,243
Interest Sensitivity Gap	(419,097,315)	62,099,736	672,479,716		

### **Liquidity Risk**

The Bank is exposed to daily calls on its available cash resources from current accounts, overnight deposits, maturing deposits, loan drawdown and other calls on cash settled items. A range of wholesale and retail funds are managed to ensure that liquidity requirements are met. The Bank liquidity strategy relies on sufficient cash and marketable instruments such as treasury bills and other government securities to meet short term funding needs. Fallback techniques include access to the sub-regional inter-bank market and the ability to close out or liquidate market positions. The Bank ensures that it has sufficient funds to meet its obligations by not converting into loans foreign deposits, demand deposits, reserves, provision for interest, provision for loan losses, and other net financial assets and liabilities.

### Analysis of assets and liabilities into relevant maturity grouping

	Up to 1	1 to 5	Over 5	Total
	Year	Years	Years	
As at December 31, 2008				
Assets				
Cash and money at call	443,781,694	8,239,054	-	452,020,748
Loans and advances	334,447,433	54,416,107	617,314,054	1,006,177,594
Investments	154,627,975	25,193,152	411,137,321	590,958,448
Other assets	20,547,375	3,064,543	42,350,291	65,962,209
Total assets	953,404,477	90,912,856	1,070,801,666	2,115,118,999
Liabilities				
Due to banks	86,202,942	-	-	86,202,942
Customers' deposits	1,293,282,108	8,938,300	-	1,302,220,408
Other liabilities	126,622,281	46,825,604	105,014,085	278,461,970
Total liabilities	1,506,107,331	55,763,904	105,014,085	1,666,885,320
Net Liquidity Gap	(552,702,854)	35,148,952	965,787,581	
As at June 30, 2008				
Total assets	1,048,977,834	76,928,672	1,103,563,009	2,229,469,515
Total Liabilities	1,634,851,469	59,924,689	105,014,085	1,799,790,243
Net Liquidity Gap	(585,873,635)	17,003,983	998,548,924	

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the potential to incur losses due to failure of a counterparty or borrower to meet its financial obligations. Credit risk is inherent in all lending and investing activities. Exposures to credit risk are mainly concentrated in St. Kitts and Nevis, North America, Europe, and other Caribbean States.

The Bank exposure to credit risk is managed through regular analysis of the ability of its borrowers (current and potential) as well as counterparties to meet interest and principal repayment obligations. Credit risk is also managed in part by the taking of collateral and/or guarantees as securities on advances, and by the spreading of this risk geographically as well as over a diversity of personal and commercial customers.

	Total Assets	Total Liabilities	Credit Commitments	Total Income	Capital Expenditure
As at Dec. 31, 2008					
St. Kitts and Nevis North America Europe Other Caribbean States	1,369,394,140 576,816,052 64,411,158 104,497,649	1,261,308,711 310,290,085 1,020,742 94,265,782	26,507,921 - - -	65,154,118 4,450,683 1,648,583 1,566,373	210,804 435,217
	2,115,118,999	1,666,885,320	26,507,921	72,819,757	646,021
As at June 30, 2008					
St. Kitts and Nevis North America Europe Other Caribbean State	1,326,015,146 682,639,997 76,468,959 144,345,413	1,242,422,215 460,217,645 1,267,477 95,882,906	20,833,386	240,946,596 12,023,482 5,033,349 2,945,673	19,651,930 1,186,687 - 7,505
	2,229,469,515	1,799,790,243	20,833,386	260,949,101	20,846,122

#### **Operational Risk**

Operational risk is inherent to all business activities and is the potential for financial or reputational loss arising from failure in internal controls, operational processes or the system that support them. It includes errors, omissions, disasters and deliberate acts such as fraud.

The Bank recognizes that such risk can never be entirely eliminated and manages the risk through a combination of systems and procedures to monitor and document transactions. The Bank has developed contingency arrangements including facilities to support operations in the event of disasters. Independent checks on operational risk issues are also undertaken by the internal audit function.

#### **Market Risk**

Market risk is the risk of loss that results from the uncertainty in market prices and rates (including interest rates, equity prices, foreign exchange rates, credit spread and commodity prices), the correlations among them and their level of volatility. The significant market risk exposures within the Bank are interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk.

The Bank actively manages interest rate risk to protect the value of shareholders' funds while achieving an adequate rate of returns. Interest rate risk strategies are reviewed on a regular basis as interest rate expectations change. The respective business units as well as the Asset Liability Management Committee continually monitor foreign exchange exposures to ensure foreign holdings are kept within assigned limits.

The Bank holds overseas investment portfolio for liquidity, long term capital appreciation or attractive yields. These portfolios expose the Bank to interest rate, foreign currency, credit spread and equity risks. The investment managers acting in accordance with established Bank's investment policy control these portfolios.

All investments considered by the Bank are subject to research, risk reviews and analysis to ensure that only investments grade quality are booked. Market risk arising from the Bank's funding and investment activities are identified, managed and controlled through the Bank's investment policy and Asset-liability management processes.

### ST. KITTS-NEVIS-ANGUILLA NATIONAL BANK LTD. STATEMENT OF CASHFLOW

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Audited				
Year Ended			<b>Quarter Ended</b>	<b>Quarter Ended</b>
June 2008			December 2008	December 2007
		Notes	\$	\$
	Cash flows from operating activities			
161,800,928	Operating Income before taxation		25,781,791	45,244,266
	Adjustments for:			
(124,302,066)	Interest Income		(52,309,827)	(58,339,729)
67,147,520	Interest Expense		34,569,565	33,273,886
1,624,260	Depreciation		833,856	808,465
228,453	Amortisation		- '	<u>-</u>
3,170,120	Provision for loan losses		_	-
-, -, -	Prior year adjustments		788	-
889	Loss on disposal of fixed assets		_	3
	Operating income before changes in operating			
109,670,104	assets and liabilities		8,876,173	20,986,891
100,010,104	accord and nacimitoe		0,010,110	20,000,001
	(Increase) decrease in operating assets:			
29,122,176	Net loans and advances		(58,903,692)	(40,624,364)
(306,668)	Interest receivables on loans and advances		97,374	(722,096)
11,886,951	Other accounts		22,681,463	39,072,513
11,000,001	Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:		22,001,100	00,072,010
45,876,869	Due to other banks		(5,209,202)	8,574,004
55,344,124	Customers' deposits		(43,931,843)	17,028,979
(50,335,968)	Accumulated provisions, creditors, and accruals		(94,242,962)	(60,906,177)
(00,000,000)	Accountation providence, drouters, and decrease		(01,212,002)	(00,000,177)
201,257,588	Cash used in operations		(170,632,689)	(16,590,250)
131,000,144	Interest received		51,271,954	55,654,071
(61,805,479)	Interest paid		(23,447,931)	(26,582,284)
(26,172,835)	Income tax paid		(10,650,000)	(8,000,000)
	·			
244,279,418	Net cash used in operating activities		(153,458,666)	4,481,537
	Cash flows from investing activities			
(1,386,978)	Purchase fixed assets		(577,021)	(736,285)
2,139,896	Decrease in special term deposits		30,264,824	26,261,351
(232,816,521)	(Increase) decrease in investments		17,787,649	(52,619,193)
	( 1 11111)		, - ,	(= ,= = , = = ,
(232,063,603)	Net cash used in investing activities		47,475,452	(27,094,127)
	Cash flows from financing activities			
(14,175,000)	Dividend paid		-	
(14,175,000)	Net cash used in financing activities			
, -,/	<b>3</b>			
(1,959,185)	Decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(105,983,214)	(22,612,590)
349,791,791	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		347,832,606	349,791,791
347,832,606	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	4	241,849,392	327,179,201

#### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For The Quarter Ended December 31, 2008

	Notes	Share Capital \$	Share Premium \$	Statutory Reserves \$	Capital Reserves \$	Loan Loss Reserves \$	General Reserves \$	Revaluation Reserves \$	Retained Earnings \$	Total Shareholders' Equity \$
Balance at June 30, 2007		81,000,000	3,877,424	81,000,000	-	17,000,000	50,000,000	2,903,142	19,430,224	255,210,790
Net Income		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,850,206	14,850,206
Appreciation in market value of investment securities								5,015,642		5,015,642
Balance at December 31, 2007		81,000,000	3,877,424	81,000,000	-	17,000,000	50,000,000	7,918,784	34,280,430	275,076,638
Net Income		-	-	-		-	-	-	96,111,453	96,111,453
Prior Year - Staff Benefits		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Reserves	16	-	-		130,000,000		(40,000,000)	-	(93,000,000)	(3,000,000)
Appreciation in market value of investment securities, net	16	-	-	-			-	66,854,202	-	66,854,202
Appreciation in market value of properties						3,000,000		5,811,979		8,811,979
Dividends	20		-	-		-	-	-	(14,175,000)	(14,175,000)
Balance at June 30, 2008		81,000,000	3,877,424	81,000,000	130,000,000	20,000,000	10,000,000	80,584,965	23,216,883	429,679,272
Net Income		-	-	-		-	-	-	16,758,165	16,758,165
Appreciation in market value of investment securities		-	-	-		-	-	2,763,450	-	2,763,450
Deferred Tax		-	-	-		-	-	(967,208)	-	(967,208)
Balance at December 31, 2008		81,000,000	3,877,424	81,000,000	130,000,000	20,000,000	10,000,000	82,381,207	39,975,048	448,233,679

### Statement of Income for the period ended December 31, 2008

Audited Year Ended June 2008		Notes	Unaudited Quarter Ended December 2008 \$	Unaudited Quarter Ended <u>December 2007</u> \$
	INCOME			
79,983,142 42,727,515	Interest - Loan & Advances and Fees - Investments and Deposits with other Banks		36,818,254 15,491,573	44,638,006 13,701,723
<b>122,710,657</b> (67,147,520)	Total Interest Income Less: - Interest Expense		<b>52,309,827</b> (34,569,565)	<b>58,339,729</b> (33,273,886)
55,563,137	Net Interest Income Before Provision for Doubtful Debts	17	17,740,262	25,065,843
	Non-Interest Income			
6,397,063 77,088,922 607,135 1,573,748 50,452,336 2,119,240	Gain (Loss) on Foreign Exchange Gain (Loss) on Marketable Securities, net Dividend Service Charge Commission Miscellaneous		1,401,955 543,242 785,316 17,229,866 549,551	4,075,078 1,126,559 321,868 709,552 24,563,068 462,880
138,238,444	Total Non-Interest Income		20,509,930	31,259,005
193,801,581	Operating Income		38,250,192	56,324,848
	NON-INTEREST EXPENSES			
7,345,170 3,170,120	Establishment Provision for loan impairment, net of recoveries Loss on Marketable Securities, net	18	3,545,122 8,134	3,074,081
450,681 17,723,139 55,708 696,514 742,793	Communication Staff Employment Travelling Stationery and Supplies Miscellaneous		250,183 6,975,642 6,900 319,874 200,113	221,258 6,352,016 30,432 274,636 188,312
133,829 1,682,699	Audit Fees and Professional Expenses Other Finance Charges		19,000 1,143,433	939,847
32,000,653	Total Non-Interest Expenses		12,468,401	11,080,582
161,800,928 (50,839,269)	Net Operating Income before Tax Tax Expenses (unaudited estimated)		25,781,791 (9,023,626)	45,244,266 (15,835,493)
110,961,659	Net Income		16,758,165	29,408,773

### BALANCE SHEET AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2008

Audited Year Ended <u>June 2008</u> \$	Assets	<u>Notes</u>	Unaudited Quarter Ended December 2008 \$	Unaudited Quarter Ended December 2007 \$
588,268,787	Cash and Money at call	4	452,020,748	543,493,928
947,371,276	Loans and Advances	5	1,006,177,594	1,020,703,363
605,982,647	Investments	6	590,958,448	327,304,486
17,750,000	Investment in Subsidiaries Customers' Liability under Acceptances,	7	17,750,000	17,750,000
5,165,270	Guarantees, and Letters of Credit (per contra)	8	5,181,100	5,057,100
22,645,979	Bank Premises and Equipment	9	22,389,143	17,228,440
41,903,318	Other Accounts	10	20,259,728	24,101,494
382,238	Deferred Tax	11	382,238	283,575
2,229,469,515	Total Assets		2,115,118,999	1,955,922,386
	Liabilities			
91,412,144	Due to other Banks		86,202,942	54,109,279
1,346,152,251	Customers' Deposits Due to Subsidiaries	12	1,302,220,408	1,307,837,106
11,473,856	Deferred Credit Acceptances, Guarantees and	13	11,473,856	11,473,856
5,165,270	Letters of Credit (per contra) Accumulated Provisions, Creditors,	8	5,181,100	5,057,100
306,352,310	and Accruals	14	221,605,395	280,245,160
39,234,412	Deferred Tax Liability		40,201,619	4,766,273
1,799,790,243	Total Liabilities		1,666,885,320	1,663,488,774
	Shareholders' Equity			
81,000,000	Issued Share Capital	15	81,000,000	81,000,000
3,877,424	Share Premium		3,877,424	3,877,424
321,584,965	Reserves	16	323,381,207	158,760,292
23,216,883	Retained Earnings		39,975,048	48,795,896
429,679,272	Total Shareholders' Equity		448,233,679	292,433,612
2,229,469,515	Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		2,115,118,999	1,955,922,386

### <u>UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> FOR THE SECOND QUARTER ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

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